New Approaches To Corrective Work With Children With General Speech Developmental Delays

Khozhageldieva T. A.

Student at the Faculty of Preschool Education,

specializing in special pedagogy, speech therapy

Scientific Supervisor:

Bekmanova J. A., PhD, Associate Professor

Nukus State Pedagogical Institute named after Azhiniyaz.

Annotation: This article focuses on exploring new approaches in corrective work with children who have general speech developmental delays. Modern teaching methods, innovative technologies, and individualized approaches aimed at improving children's speech development are discussed. The article presents the effectiveness of these methodological approaches, techniques used in speech development, and practical examples.

Keywords: speech developmental delays, corrective work, new approaches, individualized approach, innovative technologies, teaching methods.

INTRODUCTION.

: Children with speech developmental delays (SDD) often face difficulties in their physical and intellectual development. Different forms of speech developmental delays vary among children and require individualized approaches. The most effective solutions to this issue involve applying advanced methods and technologies in education. In the modern educational system, corrective work is given special attention, as these approaches not only improve speech but also support the overall development of the child.

Main Body: The process of speech development in children with developmental delays is complex and multifaceted. These delays often stem from various factors, including neurological, genetic, and environmental influences. Identifying the root cause of speech difficulties in a child is crucial for designing the most effective intervention strategies. Moreover, understanding the child's cognitive, social, and emotional development plays a significant role in addressing speech delays.

A child with speech developmental delays may experience a delay in the development of both expressive and receptive language skills. Expressive language involves the ability to produce speech, words, and sentences, while receptive language refers to understanding and processing language spoken by others. Both aspects are essential for communication and play a critical role in a child's social integration, academic performance, and overall emotional well-being.

Corrective work should focus on stimulating and enhancing these language skills through targeted interventions that are tailored to each child's unique needs. While traditional speech therapy approaches remain effective, the integration of modern teaching methods, such as play-based learning, multimedia tools, and digital applications, can significantly accelerate the child's language development. The overall goal of corrective work is not only to enhance speech but also to boost the child's selfconfidence, social skills, and cognitive abilities. Therefore, it is essential for educators, therapists, and parents to collaborate in creating a comprehensive support system that fosters the child's growth in all developmental areas. By using these new approaches, it is possible to create an enriching learning environment that promotes speech and language development while also contributing to the child's overall success and happiness.

Modern Approaches to Speech Development:

Today, several new approaches exist for working with children with speech developmental delays. The most popular ones are as follows:

1.Individualized Approach: Each child is approached based on their needs and capabilities. This method is particularly effective for children with speech delays, as it takes into account their psychological state, intellectual level, and social development needs.

2. Interactive and Play-Based Learning: Playbased learning is an effective approach for children with speech developmental delays. Games increase children's interest in learning language, help develop their speech, and also support their social and emotional development.

3. Use of Innovative Technologies: Modern technologies, such as interactive learning programs, mobile apps, and virtual reality tools, play an important role in speech development. These technologies make it possible for children to practice their speech skills outside the traditional classroom setting. Additionally, they make the learning process more engaging and efficient, accommodating different learning styles. 4.Multidisciplinary Approaches: Integrating different disciplines and methods is important in speech development. For example, activities such as art, music, physical education, and drama can all help improve speech development. This approach improves children's communication with others, builds confidence, and provides opportunities to use language in practical situations.

5.Cognitive Therapy Techniques: Cognitive therapy and psychotherapeutic approaches are also effective in working with children with speech developmental delays. These methods help children express their thoughts clearly and fluently, as well as improve their cognitive processing.

Practical Examples of Corrective Work:

For example, through play therapy, children can improve their vocabulary, pronunciation, and grammar, as well as learn to express their thoughts logically and fluently. Interactive programs and educational games help children learn more effectively. Additionally, individualized sessions can be organized to design specific work plans for each child, focusing on their unique needs.

Conclusion: New approaches to corrective work with children with general speech developmental delays, when combined with modern methods and innovative technologies, can yield effective results. By using individualized approaches and advanced techniques, it is possible to improve both speech and overall development. Teachers and psychologists must be ready to apply new methods in their work with children, as this not only improves speech development but also enhances the children's overall education and social skills.

References:

1. Karimov, N. Speech Developmental Delays and Their Corrective Work Methods. Tashkent: Fan, 2017. 2.Mamatov, A. Psychological and Corrective Work with Children. Tashkent: Ministry of Education of Uzbekistan, 2018.

3. Shamsutdinova, G. Modern Teaching Methods and Innovations. Tashkent: Uzbekistan National University, 2019.

4.Ismoilov, T. Speech Development and Its Proper Formation. Tashkent: Ma'naviyat, 2020.

5. Kh, A. M. : ADVANTAGES OF USING E-LEARNING RESOURCES IN PRESCHOOL EDUCATION. International journal for Innovative Engineering and Management Research, 9, 5-9.

6.Allambergenova, M., Kunnazarov, A., & Kazbekova, E. (2020). Creation of pedagogical software for practical Training in computer science. European Journal of Research and Reflection in Educational Sciences, 8(12), 86-91.

7.Avezovna, Ibragimova Lizakhan, and Eliubaeva Khurliman. "Exploring the Role of Technology in Early Childhood Education: Benefits and Challenges." American Journal of Advanced Scientific Research 1.1 (2024): 85-86.

8.Avezovna, I. L. (2023). TEACHING PRESCHOOL CHILDREN TO THINK LOGICALLY. American Journal of Interdisciplinary Research and Development, 23, 204-208.

9. Отениязова П. E. И др. ПЕДАГОГИЧЕСКИЕ ТРЕБОВАНИЯ ПРИ ВОСПИТАНИИ МЕНТАЛЬНОСТИ У ДЕТЕЙ ДОШКОЛЬНОГО ВОЗРАСТА В УСЛОВИЯХ КАРАКАЛПАКСТАНА //НАУКА И ПРОСВЕЩЕНИЕ: АКТУАЛЬНЫЕ ВОПРОСЫ, ДОСТИЖЕНИЯ И ИННОВАЦИИ. – 2023. – С. 229-231.

10. Yesbosinovna, O. P. (2023). INNOVATION IN THE PRESCHOOL EDUCATION SYSTEM THE USE OF TECHNOLOGY AND THE STUDY OF CHILD PSYCHOANALYSIS. Academia Science Repository, 4(04), 196-200.

11. Yesbosinovna, Oteniyazova Shakhida. "THE ROLE OF HISTORICAL, NATIONAL, AND UNIVERSAL VALUES IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF SPIRITUAL AND MORAL EDUCATION OF CHILDREN." American Journal of Interdisciplinary Research and Development 23 (2023): 219-223.

12. Oteniyazova, S. (2022). MAKTABGACHAYOSHDAGIBOLALARNIMAKTABTA'LIMIGATAYYORLASHDAMA'NAVIYAXLOQIYTARBIYANINGAXAMIYATI.Евразийскийжурналакадемическихисследований, 2(13), 1355-1360.

13. Юлдашева, У., & Тлеумбетова, К. (2024). АДАПТАЦИЯ РЕБЕНКА К ДОУ. IN SITU, (7), 72-74.